FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—Nov. 1

Sun Rises	6 23 A M
Sun Sets	5.08 P M
Day's Length	10 h 41 m
High Water at Southport	12.10 A M
High Water at Wilmington	1.50 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 2.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 72°; 8 p. m., 72°; maximum, 74°; minimum, 68°; mean, 71°.

Rainfall for the day, 16; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .16.

Forecast for Sunday: Fair and slightly warmer. Light variable winds.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p.m. November 1, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The storm has moved northeast during the day to central over West Virginia. Rain has continued generally east of the Mississippi river and south of the lakes, while fair weather has prevailed over the West. Temperatures are higher along the east coast, but have fallen rapidly over the Tennessee and lower Mississippi valleys during the day. The following special temperatures are noted: New Orleans, 52; Vicksburg and Memphis, 46, and Atlanta 54 degrees at 8 p. m.

Local forecast to 12 o'clock midnight Tuesday: Clearing followed by fair weather Tuesday, much cooler, southwest to northwest winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen during the past twenty-four hours in Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, while fair weather has continued over the remainder of the cotton belt. Heavy rainfalls are reported as follows: Louisiana—Lafayette, 1.90; Mansfield, 2.10; Minden, 2.74; Shreveport, 2.12 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 1.—At 8 a.m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 1.7 feet.

OUTLINES.

John Teagles, newly appointed postmaster at Newbern, Pulaski county, Va., was shot and killed while robbing a grain storage warehouse. —— Dead body of a well dressed white man found on Sullivan's Island beach; a check for a seat on the Clyde steamer Iroquois was found on his person. —— The U. S. Supreme Court, in cases of the Southern Express Company against the State of Virginia, affirms the legality of the State statute providing a penalty for overcharges by common carriers. —— Sam Wright, the murderer, will be hanged in the jail yard at Goldsboro November 10. —— Postoffice at Smithfield, Va., robbed; safe blown open and $1 050 in currency taken. —— Joe Choynski has challenged "Tut" Ryan for a limited round contest to take place about December 8th. —— The Union Pacific railroad sold by auction at Omaha for $53,538 76 to the reorganization committee. —— Employers of cotton mill operatives at Manchester, Eng., have given notice of a five per cent. reduction of wages; the proposition is to be submitted to arbitration. —— Julian King, a farmer, assassinated Sunday night at his home, near Arlington, Ga. —— The question of reversal of judgment pronounced against the crew of the schooner Competitor is under consideration by the Spanish cabinet. ——Nine new cases of yellow fever, no deaths, is yesterday's record for Mobile, Ala.; at Whistler, there was one death and nineteen cases under treatment; Mount Vernon, one death; the temperature at Mobile is falling and frost expected. —— A cold wave has reached New Orleans and improvement in the fever situation is expected; eight deaths reported there yesterday. ——Montgomery reports one new case of yellow fever and one death; there were indications of frost; at Selma, no new cases and no deaths. —— Serious trouble is reported between whites and negroes at Fort Pierce, Fla.; caused by an insulting and obscene note from a negro to a respectable young white woman. —— The betting in New York is in favor of Van Wyck for Mayor, with Low second. —— A revolutionary plot in Venezuela has been discovered. —— The Spanish government, it is reported, has bought some cruisers from British ship-builders which were under construction for another government. ——New York markets: Money on call was 1½@2 last loan at 2 per cent. and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent; cotton quiet; middling 6 cents; flour moderately active but a shade easier; wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red $1 02¾; corn—spot firm; No. 2 33¾c f. o. b. afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine dull at 31½c.

A terra cotta trust is the latest talked about. This looks like getting old mother earth into a corner.

The wire men are projecting a big wire Trust. It is said that Pierpont Morgan has a hand in it. Pierpont is handy at manipulating wires.

Rudyard Kipling says he sometimes gets 50 cents a word for things he writes. On these terms he feels no particular hankering to "cut it short."

Some of the papers say that Prisdientsky is "making a name for himself" as a pianist. If he can't improve on the name he has he might as well quit now.

A woman in Paris kissed her pug dog and died shortly afterwards. We do not see why a woman who would kiss a pug dog should want to live. The dog survived.

A Kentucky man heaped coals of fire on the head of a woman who once refused him, by marrying her grand-daughter. He was bound to hitch on to the family some way.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 36. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,426

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The late George M. Pullman's estate, which was supposed to be worth about $50,000,000, pans out $7,500,000. Most of this was bequeathed to his two daughters. He had twin sons who were high rollers. To these he left $3,000 a year each. But they ought to get along pretty comfortably on that unless they have cultivated very expensive tastes.

Mr. Toru Hashi, the Japanese Minister at Washington, rises to again remark that Japan does not want Hawaii. No, Japan doesn't want the earth nor any of the planets. There are excellent reasons for her not wanting Hawaii, but they never struck her with full force until she discovered some pretty large sized obstacles in the way.

The American bicycle seems to have a run in England although they make a good many of them over there. In the fiscal year 1896 $632,592 worth of American bicycles and parts of bicycles were sold in the United Kingdom; in the fiscal year 1897 the sales amounted to $2,375,675.

Notwithstanding the industry of and the attention to business by the United States hen, this country has imported in the past eight months a million and a half eggs. But most of them were imported by the section in which the United States hen has to compete with, the Canadian hen.

The Grand Jury at Wilkesbarre, Pa., has presented indictments against the sheriff and his deputies who shot those strikers at Latimer. They have been indicted for killing each of the eighteen men and also for killing all of the men together. This looks like crowding it on to them.

John Logan, son of Gen. John A. Logan, deceased, prides himself on being the proprietor of forty vests and other toggery in proportion. If John's brains sized up with his wardrobe he would be a mightier man than his father.

Mr. Schroeder, Mayor of Brooklyn, says he sees all the way through Seth Low. And yet Seth is a pretty thick built sort of a fellow.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KING GROCERY CO—Free.
S. W. SANDERS—Vanilla drip syrup.
OPERA HOUSE—The Man from Paris.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. J. L. Autrey, of Autreyville, is in the city.

— Mr. D. H. Penton returned yesterday from New York.

— Mr. H. F. Gregory, of Greensboro, arrived last evening.

— Mr. S. D. Farrior, of Rose Hill, was in the city yesterday.

— Walter H. Neal, Esq., of Laurinburg, arrived in the city yesterday to attend the U. S. Court.

— Messrs. A. H. Slocomb, W. S. Cook, C. L. Taylor and W. C. Troy, of Fayetteville, arrived in that city last evening.

— Mrs. Geo. W. Thames, of Jacksonville, Fla., after an absence of 19 years, is visiting her niece, Mrs. W. W. Roberts, 315 Church street.

— Rev. F. A. Bishop, pastor of the M. E. Church at Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. E. A McDuffie.

— Rev. A. D. McClure left yesterday afternoon at 3.30 for Salisbury to attend the session of the Synod of North Carolina which opens in that town tonight. As retiring moderator Rev. Mr. McClure will preach the introductory sermon.

— Among the numerous visitors in the city yesterday were: Vance Groom, Burgaw; J. F. Smith, B. B. Anderson, Fair Bluff; Geo. H. Currie, Clarkton; F. P. Sidbury, Rocky Point; W. H. Jarman, Jacksonville, W. G. Fussell, Rose Hill; Jacob Powell, Long Creek, H. E. Frazier, Whiteville; J. F. Woodward, Warsaw; W. E Thigpen, Chadbourn; N. C. McDaniel, Whiteville; L. T. Covington, Clarkton; W. H. Gilbert, Bennettsville.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Board of Aldermen will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— The Board of Audit and Finance will meet at 8 o'clock this afternoon.

— The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange will meet at noon to-day. An important committee report is to be heard.

— The street cleaning force got in some work on Princess street between Front and Water, yesterday, that will be duly appreciated.

— A meeting of the different committees of the Chrysanthemum Show is called for to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A.

— The local cotton market closed yesterday at 5½ cents for middling. Same grade at Charleston and Savannah was quoted at 5 5 16 cents.

— "Old Virginny never tired." It will be the Republicans and Assistant Republicans who will be tired when the vote is announced to-morrow morning.

— Mr. Jno. J. Holland is in the city heralding the approach of Richard and Pringle's Georgia Minstrels, which will appear at the Opera House next Tuesday.

— During the last year, dating from yesterday, Register of Deeds Norwood issued 304 marriage licenses; 180 to colored couples and 124 to white couples.

— "The despot's heel is on thy shore, Maryland, my Maryland." But there's a mighty good prospect that not even the heel of the despot will be left when the polls close this evening.

— The monthly statement of cotton and naval stores appears in the commercial columns of the STAR this morning. The receipts for the season are 119,816 bales cotton, against 91,748 last year.

— "Down in my old Kentucky home" to-day the true Democrats will rout the gold-bugs, Republicans and Populists combined. Call at the STAR office to-night and see this prediction verified.

— Mr. J. A. Crews, Jr., who for some time past has been visiting Mr. Jas. W. Monroe, in this city, yesterday accepted a position with the Robinson and Franklin Bros'. circus, as a trombone soloist.

— Members of the football team are requested to meet at the O. A. N. Hall at 8 o'clock to-night regardless of the weather. Those who were mentioned in Sunday's paper are especially urged to be present.

— The STAR invites its friends who are interested in to-day's election to call at the office to-night. Partial returns may be received earlier, but there is not likely to be anything definite from doubtful States before 9 o'clock, if so soon.

— Messrs. Geo. Rountree, A. G. Ricaud, Frank McNeill, Herbert McClammy, T. W. Strange, Jno. D. Bellamy, E. K. Bryan and Iredell Meares left for Raleigh yesterday to argue the "city muddle" case in the Supreme Court either to-day or to-morrow.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Carolina Central R. R.—145 bales cotton.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—249 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 1 bbl rosin, 86 bbls tar.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—288 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 84 bbls rosin.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—4 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 66 bbls rosin, 98 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Schr Berta M. T.—27 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 668 bales; spirits turpentine, 33 casks; rosin, 101 bbls; tar, 114 bbls; crude turpentine, 6 bbls.

Painfully Hurt.

Mr. Forrest Harper, a driver for Messrs. W. E. Worth & Co., was injured by a train near Fourth street bridge yesterday while coming home to his dinner. He was walking on the track and promptly got out of the way of an approaching train but in some way got his hand caught in the guard rail to the steps of one of the passing coaches. It is not exactly clear how the accident occurred as Mr. Harper says that he didn't try to board the train at all.

He was taken to Mr. H. L. Fentress' drug store and Dr. J. T. Schonwald called to dress his injuries, the most serious of which was the dislocation of his shoulder.

Buried at Oakdale.

The funeral of the late Mrs. E. A. McDuffie took place Sunday afternoon from the residence 914 Chesnut street, and was conducted by Rev. R. A. Willis, assisted by Revs. W. L Cuninggim and T. H. Sutton. The interment was made at Oakdale Cemetery. The pallbearers were Chas. F. Bell, J. M. Hardwick, J. M. McGowan, A. L. Bilbro, A. G. Hankins and W. M. Polsson. There were numerous beautiful floral designs.

LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

EDITOR STAR:—Will you kindly publish the following names which were inadvertently omitted from the notice in Sunday's paper? Mrs. Yarborough, Mrs. A. B. Lynch, two packages; Mrs. V. Hall, Mrs. Albright, Miss Maggie Hankins, Mrs. E. Peschau, two packages; Mrs. A. G. Hankins, Mrs. T. E. Davis, Mrs. H. G. Smallbones, two packages; Miss Alice Bellamy, Mrs. James Chadbourn, nice pumpkin pies; Mrs. Dr. Matthews, handsome cake and chickens; Dr. Armstrong, of Kenansville, pears; Mr. Polley, a lock for door; Mrs. H. F. Wilder.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Report of the Superintendent for the Month of October.

The Board of Health met in regular session Sunday night at the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health. Present, Mayor S. P. Wright, M. D., Drs. W. D. McMillan and F. H. Russell and Mr. W. H. Chadbourn.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion of Dr. McMillan it was requested that the ordinance recently enacted by the board in regard to digging up the streets be amended and the words "without first notifying" be stricken out and the words "without permission of" be substituted.

Mr. Chadbourn spoke of the efficiency of the inland quarantine officers. On motion of Dr. McMillan, the secretary was directed to write complimentary letters to the four inland quarantine officers, and especially to Capt. Robert Green, tendering the board's official recognition of their efficiency.

A gentleman from North Georgia, who had made the error of going through Atlanta and obtaining a certificate from that city, was held yesterday at Nayassa. On motion he was allowed to come in, as he was not from an infected district.

Dr. McMillan submitted his monthly report as Superintendent of Health. It shows 18 white births for the month just ended, 10 male and 8 females, 2 still-born. Colored births 29, males 17, females 12, still-born 3. Grand total of births, 52.

There were 18 white deaths, 9 males and 9 females, and 36 colored deaths, 10 males and 26 females. Total deaths, 54.

Six hundred and ninety-six premises were inspected during the month; 689 of these were found in fair condition; 92 were bad. Total houses quarantined, diphtheria, 3; scarlet fever, 9.

There were no deaths from diphtheria or scarlet fever during the month and only three houses are quarantined at present.

The report was approved and ordered filed.

Dr. McMillan wished the Board to recognize the faithfulness of his health officer, George Dry.

The meeting then adjourned.

Death of a Very Old Lady.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, mother of Mrs. M. J. King, died Sunday at 11.30 a. m. at the residence of her daughter, 214 North Sixth street. She was one of the oldest, if not the oldest white inhabitant of Wilmington, being in her ninety-eighth year at the time of her death. She was a native of Moore county and moved from that county to live with her daughter in Wilmington five or six years ago. Mr. W. T. Jones, of the well known firm of Tyson & Jones, buggy and carriage manufacturers, Carthage, is a son of the deceased and was at her bedside during her sickness. Deceased was a member of Grace M. E. Church.

The funeral services were conducted Sunday afternoon at the residence, Rev. R. A. Willis officiating.

The remains were taken to Maxwell Sunday on the W. C. & A. train, leaving here at 4 p. m., and the interment was made in the family burying ground at that place at 10 a. m. yesterday.

Robbed a Money-Drawer.

Robert Wiggins, colored, was arrested yesterday morning by Deputy Sheriff Flynn, charged with larceny. He will be tried before Justice Bunting this morning.

The chapter in this story to which the foregoing paragraph is the sequel, was enacted Saturday night between 8 and 9 o'clock, when the arrested party removed the money drawer with all its contents from behind Mr. F. G. Punke's counter. Mr. Punke and his clerk were in the front of the store and did not discover the theft until the thief had got well away.

The drawer contained about $1.50 in money, two watches, and several articles of trifling value. Mr. Punke got a clew to the guilty party and put Deputy Sheriff Flynn on the trail, with the result as above indicated.

Anniversary of the Reformation.

The services at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church Sunday night, in commemoration of the 380th anniversary of the Reformation, were both interesting and instructive. Two grand choruses were rendered by a choir consisting of Mrs. J. H. Rehder, Mrs. C. W. Polvogt, Mrs. Phipps and Messrs. C. W. Polvogt, Charles Blomme, J. H. Rehder and A. S. Holden, with Miss Kate Stolter as organist. The pastor spoke ably and eloquently of the life and works of the great reformer.

Crowds of Tax-Payers at the Sheriff's Office.

The sheriff's office was run over with tax-payers again yesterday. The crush was greater even than on Saturday. It was simply impossible to transact all the business, so that the authorities feel justified in giving the law a liberal construction and accepting payments today from those who couldn't get waited on yesterday.

One of Capt. Taft's Boats Damaged.

The tug *F. & F.*, owned by Capt. Walter Taft, ran into Hilton bridge Sunday and was damaged considerably. The pilot house was torn off and the pilot compelled to jump overboard. The damages were estimated as being $100.

Dogs and Ponies.

The educated ponies and dogs will give exhibitions under their mammoth tent in this city on Front street near Church, Friday, Nov. 5, afternoon at 3 and night at 8 o'clock. Too much can hardly be said in praise of these highly trained animals, the exhibition that they give is so unlike other entertainments given by educated horses or dogs. There is not one dull moment on the program, nothing that is monotonous. It is comedy from start to finish; it is high class amusement and strictly moral. Prof. Gentry has spent years of time and labor in designing the most attractive way of exhibiting their intelligence. No one in the city should miss this grand opportunity. Prices are within reach of all. Children, 10 cents; adults, 20 cents. †

THE NUTT STREET HOMICIDE

Coroner's Inquest Into the Killing of Seaman Glezaynski by Watchman Giles Anderson Last Sunday Morning — Testimony of Witnesses.

Early Sunday morning between 1 and 2 o'clock in front of the factory of the Carolina Cooperage and Veneer works, on Nutt street, Giles Anderson, a white man of this city, shot, instantly killing, Theophil Carl von Glezaynski, fireman on the British steamer *Kirkhill*, Capt. T. B. Watson, now in port and loading at the Wilmington Compress. The ghastly work was accomplished with a pistol, a ball from which entered the left breast of the sailor, piercing and passing through the left ventricle of his heart and lodging in the lower lobe of the left lung, of course causing death instantly.

It is stated that Anderson was waylaid by the deceased and two other sailors, one of whom knocked him down with a sand-bag and the other two men robbed him, taking several articles from his pockets; that Anderson managed to pull his revolver out of his pocket and shoot Glezaynski, and then the other two men ran off. Anderson admits shooting the man, but claims that he did it in self defence.

The inquest held by Coroner Jacobs yesterday at noon developed all the evidence obtained in the case so far, and is as follows, viz:

Carl Ellerson (white) testified that he was a sailor on board the steamer *Kirkhill*, and that he was with the deceased last Saturday night previous to the killing.

Policeman Dave Bryant, colored, testified:

"I saw witness Ellerson, the deceased and several others met at John Dahnhardt's saloon last Saturday night about 11.55 o'clock. The reason I noticed the man closely was because they went into Dahnhardt's and Ellerson called for whiskey, and Dahnhardt told him he (Ellerson) had too much and that he (Dahnhardt) wouldn't sell him any more. Ellerson however, insisted until Dahnhardt let him have a bottle of beer. Dahnhardt then asked for the money for the beer and Ellerson refused to pay him. It seems that Ellerson offered to treat, and when the deceased found out that Ellerson had refused to pay for the beer, which they had drank together, he apologized to Mr. Dahnhardt for drinking the beer which his friend (Ellerson) had refused to pay for. The two sailors then, arm-in-arm, walked out of the bar and walked off up Nutt street. I am positive, to the best of my judgment, that the witness Ellerson who just testified is the man who was in company with the deceased Saturday night and walked off up Nutt street with him. The deceased was what I would call two-thirds drunk, but he was more sober than his companion."

Thos. A. Price (white) testified:

"I am night watchman at the Atlantic Coast Line freight yard. Between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock Sunday morning I saw two sailors coming from the direction of John Dahnhardt's saloon. One had on light-colored pants and a skull cap. The other sailor was dressed in dark-colored clothes and a plug hat. I wouldn't know either of them if I saw them again; they were, however, seafaring men and white. The last I saw of them they were walking near the factory of the Carolina Cooperage and Veneer Co. I heard shooting, but didn't at that time know what caused it."

W. T. Spooner (white) testified:

"I am the night watchman for the George L. Morton Co. On last Sunday morning, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, I was sitting in the office on the yard when I heard the report of a pistol, and heard a sound as if a person was walking very fast. I immediately arose and, obtaining my pistol, went to the gate of the yard. When I arrived at the gate I heard a second report of a pistol, and when I opened the gate I saw two men running slowly, one in front of the other. The man in front was dressed in a light-colored pair of pants, a black colored coat and a dark colored cap. The other man was about fifty yards behind the man in front, and within ten feet of where the deceased fell, and I went across the street towards a telegraph pole. The man in the rear was running after the man in front, and was cursing and swearing. When I got near the telegraph pole I saw the deceased fall, and went up to him and found that he was dead. I then went after the two men, and went as far as the corner of Nutt and Brunswick streets. I went to try and find out who the two men were. The man in the rear turned around and came back directly to where I was standing, and I recognized him as Giles Anderson, watchman at the Carolina Cooperage Company. I said, 'Anderson, you have played the devil,' and he replied that —— it he cared (in a boisterous manner). I said, 'you should care, for you have killed a man.' He said he didn't care a ——; that he had intended to shoot the —— out of him, as the man had struck him in the mouth. I then watched Anderson, and he said he was going to the mill to obtain a light to look for his hat. While he was gone, I went back to my office and telephoned to the City Hall for policemen. I helped Anderson look for his hat, and we found two hats, his and one belonging to the deceased. Anderson kept the hat of the deceased and threw his away on Nutt street. If there had been any row out there I would have heard it. Anderson, however, did say he hollored for the watchman, but I did not hear a cry of any nature. The witness, Ellerson, has on clothes similar to those worn by the man I saw running in front of Anderson. I saw him plainly, because the light from a near-by electric light shone on him as he was running."

John Dahnhardt testified:

"To the best of my belief the witness Ellerson was in my saloon Saturday night, and was one of the last to leave. He was pretty full. The man, however, which the witness Ellerson was in company with, was not the deceased, but a Dane; similar in looks to the deceased. I don't remember seeing the deceased in my place except in the first part of the night."

Sergeant of Police R. F. Gore testified:

"Sunday morning about 1.45 o'clock, I received a telepone message at City Hall that there had been a man killed near Morton's still yard. Sergeant L. H. Hewlett and myself went down there and when we reached the spot I saw a man lying on the ground. Someone called and asked if we were policemen, to which I replied yes. One of the party speaking to me said 'come on and I will show you the man who did the shooting.' He went with us to the corner of Nutt and Brunswick streets, and pointed out a man standing about midway of the block. We went after the man and overtook him near the corner of Front and Brunswick streets. Sergeant Hewlett reached him first, a few steps ahead of me, and we then arrested him. Sergeant Hewlett took him to the guard house, and I went back to where the body of the deceased was lying and remained there. The man we arrested was Giles Anderson, and he told us that he had shot a man and killed him, though in self-defence. Anderson was drunk and ran (not fast) when he saw us after him."

Sergeant Hewlett testified to about what Sergeant Gore testified to, and Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, testified and handed in a report as to the post mortem examination held.

The jury, which is composed of W. C. VonGlahn, foreman, S. J. Davis, Ira Breece, Albert Smith, J. N. Swindell and Jacob Thompson, the latter three colored, owing to the absence of an important witness took a recess until 9 o'clock this morning.

Sunday afternoon at D. C. Evans' (colored) undertaker's shop Drs. W. D. McMillan and J. T. Schonwald held an autopsy on the body of the deceased, and found that the ball entered the left part of the breast two inches above and anterior to the left nipple, fracturing the third rib and passing through the ventricle of the heart lodged in the lower portion of the lower lobe of the left lung.

The deceased is a German and was born in Usida on the 5th of November, 1871, and shipped from Hamburg on board the *Kirkhill* last September. On his person was found a letter addressed to Miss Dora Dehrharatz, in Hasenthal, near Scherarsenbek, Circuit Lanenberg on the Elbe. His shipmates and Capt. Watson say that the deceased was a clever and sociable fellow.

Anderson, the slayer of the sailor, is in jail, and has retained the services of C. P. Lockey, Esq.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Various Matters Considered at the Regular Meeting of the Board Yesterday Afternoon.

The Board of County Commissioners met yesterday at 3.30 p. m., with all the members present. The minutes of previous meetings were read and approved.

The report of Col. John D. Taylor, C. S. C., was received, showing $35 to have been collected for the School Fund from the Kidder Lumber Company.

The monthly report of Register of Deeds C. W. Norwood showed that he has issued 94 marriage licenses in October. He exhibited the treasurer's receipt for $39.80, the amount due the county.

Mr. M. W. Jacobi appeared before the Board to ask a reduction of the assessment on a house belonging to Mr. N. Jacobi. The house had been damaged by sliding from its blocks. The valuation was changed from $3,000 to $1,500.

The petition of J. O. Nixon, colored, to be relieved of the payment of poll tax on account of being over age, was refused on the ground that he did not become 50 years of age until after he had listed his taxes.

The application of the Board of Managers of the City Hospital that three-fifths of the cost of furniture for the hospital be borne by the county, was granted with the understanding that the city should pay the other two-fifths. The whole amount was $168.75.

Messrs. Robert Bowden, Rund McDougal and James Donnelly were ordered exempt from poll tax on account of physical disability. Mrs. C. C. Ketchum was allowed $3 per month.

A petition from Cato Waddell, colored, for relief in matter of taxes, was referred to the Register of Deeds to report on at next meeting.

On motion, the entry on the tax books of bank stock belonging to Miss Mary Haigh, of Cumberland county, listed through mistake for taxation in New Hanover county, was ordered removed.

The matter of providing the office of the county physician with a stove and the county home with a range was left to Chairman Foster and Commissioner Moore.

The Board then took a recess subject to the call of the chairman.

OPERA HOUSE.

"A Practical Joke" by the Woodward-Warren Company Last Night.

The Woodward-Warren Company, headed by that popular comedian, H. Guy Woodward, commenced a week's engagement at the Opera House last night, presenting as the opening bill "A Practical Joke," a play constructed to create mirth, and it was portrayed by a company of competent ability. Guy Woodward was just as clever as when seen here last, and his comedian powers have a hypnotism influence over his auditors and make them laugh and wear a "big grin" throughout the action of the piece presented. Neither the circus or the inclement weather prevented a large audience from assembling at the theatre, and when the curtain was rung down for the last time they went forth to meet the rain and wind in a decided happy frame of mind.

H. Guy Woodward played the role of *Felix Featherstone* and, of course, it was played right and splendid, as was also the role of *Mrs. Featherstone*, portrayed by Miss Bessie Warren.

Miss Sadie Handy was cast in the role of *Dolly Dalymple*, a part for which she is admirably suited.

Mr. Chas. A. McGrath as *Harry Howard* and Mr. Jack Kett as *Horace Hanford* also did good work.

Misses Ruth Sheppard and Jessie Harriss and Messrs. Chas. Middleton and Will Atkinson likewise deserve complimenting for their acting.

To-night the company will present the operatic comedy "The Man From Paris." Seats on sale at Gerken's.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

ROBINSON AND FRANKLIN'S CIRCUS.

Two Performances Given in Wilmington to Large Audiences.

A menagerie of wild and rare animals, three rings in which thrilling aerial acts, daring bare-back riding, wonderful acrobatic feats, comical antics by extremely funny clowns or amazing tricks performed by horses and elephants is continually in progress, and a superb brass band, all displayed under an enormous canvas in which perfect order is preserved, is what constitutes the John Robinson and Franklin Bros'. circus. To the people of North Carolina the name of Robinson has always been the assurance of a refined and entertaining circus, for it was in those good old days of long ago that old John Robinson used to bring yearly to the Old North State a circus that pleased the sires and grandsires, many of whom have entered the "undiscovered country from whose bosom no traveller returns," of the young Tar Heels, and as the public taste in accord with the advancement of the times, grew more fastidious, so the Robinson circus grew in size and splendor, and the present day finds the show a perfect monster in size, bewildering in glitter and glare, wonderful in its exhibits, and a model of culture, and yet true in the portrayal of the canvas and sawdust exhibitions; while John Robinson, Jr., is a man fully capable of conducting to advantage the heritage of his grandfather, "Old John."

For the past month flaming posters have been announcing the coming of the John Robinson circus, or at least the Robinson & Franklin Bros.' circus, and yesterday the long expected day arrived, and although Old Sol failed to bristle forth, owing to the dark clouds which obscured the skies and occasionally emitted slight showers of rain, yet the streets were thronged with people at an early hour. The young folks were joyful and expectant, and the older ones, as their minds travelled back to their childhood days, were in the "same boat" and realized as forcibly as anyone that a "circus was in town." At 10.30 o'clock the parade started, and a magnificent pageant it was, and as it passed through the principal streets of the city was gazed upon by thousands, each of whom accorded the same criticism—magnificent and novel.

THE PERFORMANCES.

The inclement weather certainly has no effect upon the Wilmington people when the John Robinson and Franklin Bros'. circus is around, for when the afternoon performance commenced the large tent was literally packed with people, all of whom appreciated the merit of the performance. Every act was of the first order, especially the thrilling mid-air feats by Messrs. Gilbon and Gilgrist, the wonderful and graceful trapeze performance of Earle Gesters, and the daring bare-back riding of Misses Gracie Thomas and Lottie Watson and Messrs. Holland, Ledgett, Melrose, O'Brien, Wilson and Marks.

A RARE COLLECTION

of wild animals is what you find in the menagerie tent just before entering the main tent. Encased in handsome cages, of unique design and fine architecture, were lions, tigers, leopards, wild boars, bears, and other animals, while enclosed by a rope railing were elephants, camels, many ponies of beauty, etc. In marked contrast to the gigantic form of the elephant "Cid" stood the diminutive form of the baby elephant, "Tommie."

The horses possessed by the circus number a great many, and are all smart, sleek and beautiful.

Sunday afternoon the critic visited the lot where the circus exhibited, and was entertained in a clever and gentlemanly manner by Mr. W. F. Franklin, one of the proprietors.

The circus left at an early hour this morning for Lumberton, their next stand.

Death of Mr. M. M. Hankins.

Mr. M. Milton Hankins, after a lingering illness, died at his residence, No. 808 North Fourth street, in this city, at 7.30 a. m. yesterday. Mr. Hankins was a native of Brunswick county, but early in life came to this city to learn a trade, and afterwards became the Master Mechanic of the Wilmington & Manchester railroad and the Mobile & Ohio railroad successively. He was also at one time foreman of the Wilmington & Weldon railroad shops. He served in the late war as Captain of the Cape Fear Riflemen of this city, and was a member of the Wilmington Light Infantry at one period of his life, belonging at the time of his death to its veteran corps.

Deceased was an old member of St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Masons and of Grace M. E. church. He married Miss Nannie Ruggles of this city, who preceded him to the better land several years ago. The funeral will take place this morning at 10 o'clock from his late residence and will be conducted by Rev. R. A. Willis. Interment at Bellevue Cemetery.

Prof. Gentry's Show.

Prof. Gentry's show of trained dogs and ponies will exhibit in the city next Friday, giving two performances. The entertainment given by Prof. Gentry has been accorded high praise by the press of other cities as a first-class performance of its kind. Our people, however, themselves know that they may expect a pleasing performance, and especially so the children, as the show has visited Wilmington twice before. The tent will be pitched on Front street, near Church, and the admission will be 20 cents for adults and 10 cents for children.

U. S. Court at 10 O'clock To-day.

There was no session of the United States District Court yesterday, as Judge Purnell, District Attorney C. B. Aycock and Marshal O. J. Carroll did not arrive until 5.45 o'clock in the afternoon. The court will convene at 10 o'clock this morning.

A FATAL FOOT BALL GAME.

Death of a Member of the Georgia University Team—The Game Killed in Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., October 31.—Von Gammon, one of the players on the University of Georgia foot ball team, died this morning from the effects of injuries received in a game between that team and the team from the University of Virginia, played in this city yesterday afternoon.

Gammon was unconscious after a scrimmage at the beginning of the second half and never regained his senses after that time. He was an admirable athlete and one of the star players of the team. His body was taken to Rome, Ga., his former home, this afternoon, where interment will take place.

His death has stirred prejudice against the game and the members of the State Legislature, which is now in session, are opposed to any further games by the members of the University. A number of Legislators expresses themselves today as bitterly opposed to the game and it is probable that a bill will be passed in a few days making it a misdemeanor to engage in a game of foot ball in this State.

The faculty of the University has decided that the team shall play no more games this year and will prohibit it in the future.

The score in the game was 17 to 4 in favor of Virginia.

DIED.

HANKINS—In this city at 7.30 a. m., Monday, November 1st, 1897, MARSTRES MILTON HANKINS, aged 68 years.

Funeral will take place from the house, 808 North Fourth street at 10 o'clock this morning, thence to Bellevue Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Entertainment.

HIBERNIAN HALL, NOVEMBER 4, 1897. Auction of Old Maids, Observation Table, Best Musical Talent, Refreshments. Admission, 10c. Auspices Charitable Circle King's Daughters. oc 31 3t

TRUTH.

FOR COMFORT AND STYLE GO TO HAMME, THE HATTER, and get a Good Fit. You will save money as well. oc 31 tf 26 North Front Street.

OPERA HOUSE.

THE WOODWARD-WARREN COMPANY TO-NIGHT.

The popular operatic comedy,

"THE MAN FROM PARIS."

Bright new music and mirth provoking dialogue.

Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents. no 2 1t

FREE!

THE VAN CAMP PACKING CO.

Are now giving an exhibition of these goods at our store, where a free lunch will be served hot or cold. You are invited.

Pork and Beans with Tomatoe Sauce
Macaroni and Cheese.
Tomatoe Ketchup.
Concentrated Soup.

Cut prices.

THE KING GROCERY CO., B. F. KING, Manager, Fourth Street Bridge. Bell Phone 387. no 2 tf

—AT—

The "Unlucky Corner"

Cut price this week on

Fine Vanilla Drip Syrup.

MOLASSES.

Shrewsbury Oyster Crackers, Round Oyste Crackers.

The right price on above goods. New arrivals,

Quaker Oats. Strained Honey.

S. W. Sanders.

nov 2 tf

We Are the People!

We sell Armour & Co.'s

"Shield" Brand Leaf Lard.

We sell J. P. Squires Co.'s

BELLIES.

We sell Franklin Refinery

Sugars.

We sell Powell, Smith & Co.'s

"RENOWN" CIGARS.
"CUBAN BLOSSOMS,"
"TROPICAL TWIST HEAD."
SMOKETTS.

We are distributors for these Headquarters, and prices defying competition.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wholesale Distributors. oc 31 tf

BUY THE BEST.

Housekeepers wishing fine fresh ground

Corn Meal and Grits

should always call for and see that they get our goods.

Boney & Harper.

oct 13 tf

100,000 Cigars.

500 Boxes Tobacco.
50 Bags Coffee.
100 Buckets Candy.
100 Cases Star Lye.
50 Bbls. choice Porto Rico Molasses.
100 Boxes Soap.

For sale at rock bottom prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.

oc 14 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, Nov. 2, 1897

OUR COTTON EXPORTS.

In Sunday's issue we made some editorial comment on a paper read before the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association, which met last week in Philadelphia. That paper showed some of the difficulties with which the New England manufacturers (and this means all the Northern cotton manufacturers) have to contend. Other papers were read, among them one by Mr. Search, showing some of the difficulties with which the manufacturers of the United States have to contend, the gist of which we gather from the following editorial reference to it in the Philadelphia *Ledger:*

"Mr. Search's address presented some striking figures respecting the export trade in cotton goods. Great Britain weaves over 77 per cent. of the cotton goods purchased by other nations, this country less than 5 per cent., the remainder being supplied by Germany and France! The United States produces one-half of the cotton product of the world; Great Britain, Germany and France, the chief producers of cotton goods sold to other nations, do not produce a pound of the raw materials. Yet there is no lack of ability in this country to produce such goods as are exported. The South has taken up the business of producing rough cotton cloths, and the New England and other manufacturers of the North can and, indeed, must turn their attention to the production of goods suited to foreign markets. The field is almost unlimited, and it is almost a virgin field. Notwithstanding the improvements made in cotton manufacture and the cheapening of the processes the export trade in cottons made in the United States has lagged behind the export trade in general manufactures. There are no doubt, various causes at work to produce this result, some of which are within the control of cotton manufacturers. To increase their foreign trade they must adapt their goods, their methods of packing and their prices and terms of sale to the demands of foreign markets, and even then progress will be slow, for the reason that they have to make a name for themselves or get rid of a bad name, and for the further reason that this country has not established close trade relations and ready means of exchange with some of the countries which buy largely of cotton goods. But these obstacles can be removed by patient effort, and there is surely an incentive in the figres given by Mr. Search which show that the sales of cotton goods for export from Great Britain, Germany, France and the United States amount to $438,670,000 annually, of which the United States now exports less than $90 000,000 worth."

This address does present some "striking figures," as the *Ledger* says, and also some suggestive facts and figures. The first is that Great Britain manufactures 77 per cent. of the cotton goods purchased by other nations. And yet Great Britain does not raise a pound of the lint out of which these goods are woven. Germany and France manufacture 18 per cent., and neither of them produces a pound of the cotton they weave. The United States manufacture 5 per cent. and the United States produce one-half of the cotton grown in the world and could easily produce twice as much if there was a paying demand for it. Great Britain manufactures nearly 15½ times as much exported cotton goods as the United States, and France and Germany nearly four times as much and none of them raise a pound of the cotton.

This is more than a bad showing for the United States. It is a humiliating one, for it is a reflection not only on our lack of sufficient enterprise but on our lack of business sense. We have apparently contented ourselves with raising the raw material and shipping it to other nations for them to turn into goods and to coin into wealth and to let them fix the price for it, and take the price they made, when we should have manufactured at least enough of our cotton to enable us to make our own price on what we had to sell.

Mr. Search says there are reasons for this poor showing by the United States some of which are in the control of our manufacturers, others not. Mr. Search is right, but the principal reason is the fact that our manufacturers have not made a systematic, determined effort to build up their export business, confining their attention mainly to the home market, of which by virtue of protective tariffs, &c., they hold something bordering on a monopoly. The protected monopoly of the home market made them almost indifferent as to trade in other markets, although it has been demonstrated that they can undersell either England, Germany or France in foreign markets, but having to compete with other manufacturers they cannot get the prices which they can get at home and hence they give more attention to the home market as the most profitable.

American goods in foreign markets stand well, so well that in the Eastern countries English manufacturers and even Japanese have resorted to the trick of putting American brands on their goods and selling them as American goods, and sometimes they injure the reputation of American goods by putting American brands on their inferior manufactures and palming them off as American goods. They sometimes, doubtless, do this intentionally to injure American goods, give them a bad name and drive them out of the markets where they have become troublesome competitors. That isn't honest or honorable, but there are tricks in all trades, and John Bull and the hustling Jap are not proof against trickery.

But aside from any shortcomings of American manufacturers, they are handicapped in building up a large foreign trade by conditions growing out of national policies for which they are themselves to some extent responsible. The manufacturers of the North as a rule have favored and supported the protective system which, while it gave them a practical monopoly of the home market, practically kept them out of foreign markets, because it prevented them from exchanging their goods for the products of other nations on the same terms that their European competitors could, and thus the European competitor had the advantage in disposing of his goods.

The European manufacturers with whom the American manufacturer has to compete have ships belonging to their own nations to carry their cargoes to other countries at the lowest cost for transportation because their ships go out loaded and come back loaded, whereas our manufacturers have to hire ships to carry their goods to foreign countries and have to pay the highest price for this service. If we had ships of our own to do this ocean carrying the service would cost less, and if our manufacturers were not handicapped by the protective tariff and thus prevented from exchanging goods for the products of other nations, as their European competitors do, the cost would be still less for then our vessels would go loaded and come back loaded. We never can successfully compete with other nations in commerce while we are dependent upon other nations for the ships to do our carrying on the high seas. We never can have ships of our own to do that carrying until our national policies are such as to enable Americans who want to engage in that business to build or buy ships where they can build or buy them to the best advantage.

These are some of the obstacles that confront the American cotton manufacturer, and all other American manufactures, in building up foreign trade, but they have another to contend against, in the financial policy, into which this country was enticed by England, which was shrewd enough to play the game and thus deprive our manufacturers of any advantage they might have over English manufacturers in dealing with silver-using countries where England then had and still has her best markets. The day may come when we will learn something from experience and cease playing second fiddle to nations that ought to be playing second fiddle to us.

MINOR MENTION.

Mr. Charles H. Cramp, of the Cramp ship-building firm of Philadelphia, read a paper on our merchant marine, before the convention of the Board of Trade and Transportation in New York last week, in the course of which he said :

"From the financial and industrial point of view the situation is mortifying. As the American people cannot own ships unless they are able to build them, so also they cannot build ships until Americans wish to own them. The prevailing indisposition on the part of Americans to own ships is due to the fact that, under existing conditions, such investment is not profitable; that property in ships is not a desirable investment. Of course, I mean with respect to ships engaged in foreign trade.

"In our coastwise and lake traffic, from which foreign competition is excluded by law, ship property is profitable and constantly invites investment. But the possibilities of that traffic are limited and its limits are always crowded."

Mr. Cramp is speaking as a shipbuilder, and as one who doubtless fully understands what he is saying. The situation *is* mortifying both from a financial and industrial point of view, and there are no outward signs of a very great improvement either financially or industrially. Americans cannot own ships unless they are able to build them, and they cannot build them until they wish to own them, but there are, all the same, millions of dollars invested by Americans in ships that sail under foreign flags. Americans cannot build ships for ocean traffic because it costs them a great deal more to build them than it costs the European ship-owner, and he can't buy them abroad for then he could not sail them under the American flag. The assertion that Americans do not care to own ships because the ocean carrying business does not pay, will not hold in the face of the annual increase of the merchant marines of other nations. Why they should all find it profitable, and the American can see no profit in it, is one of the unexplained mysteries. Under present conditions perhaps they cannot, but if the American had the same liberty that the foreign ship owner has, to purchase his ships where he can purchase to the best advantage, then he would be put on the same plane in this respect with his foreign competitor, and would have a pretty fair show in competing for business.

* * *

Hon. Calvin S. Brice, ex-U. S. Senator from Ohio, has been ventilating his views on the silver question, which he summarily dismisses with the declaration that "silver is now a reminiscence. The proper way is to ignore it and let it die its own death." This isn't the first time that we have heard substantially the same thing from gentlemen who were quite as competent to tulminate or prognosticate as Hon. Calvin S. Brice, whose declaration in this case is simply an echo of the wish. It will be noticed that Mr. Brice does not say that free coinage is dead, that the question of ratio is dead, but that silver is dead, a mere reminiscence, which can figure no more in the currency question in this country, and can never attain more importance than as a fractional currency, a mere convenience for making change. That is what Mr. Brice and the people with whom he trains would have made silver long ago if they could, that is they would have utterly demonetized it and made it worthless as a money metal. Mr. Brice and they whose opinions he voices in this declaration would "ignore it." But can they ignore it? Does the option to ignore rest entirely with them? They would have ignored it long ago if they could, but they couldn't. The issue was made and they were forced to meet it, and the issue still exists and they will be forced to meet it again. They can't ignore it. They will not be permitted to ignore it, for it is one of those vital questions that will not down at their bidding. There is only one way by which the silver agitation may be quieted, or "ignored," as Mr. Brice would have it, and that is by the country becoming so prosperous and money so abundant in circulation that the people might not feel the need of more. This might take the edge off the agitation, and this is the only thing that will, but there is not the slightest indication of this.

We are not much versed in it, but there is an almanac called Old Moore's Almanac, which presents a nice lay out for 1898. Among the festivities predicted is a rattling civil war in the United States, the death of the Czar of Russia, and the kidnapping of the kid King of Spain, and then Old Moore soars up among the stars and informs us that about the second week in November we will make connection with Mars and open up communication with him.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Rocky Mount *Phœnix*: We regret to announce the death of Dr. Nick Sills, which sad event occurred at his home in this county on Wednesday of last week. Dr. Sills was a very eminent physician, an able man and a popular and highly esteemed citizen of Nash county.

— Raleigh *Times:* The offenders against the government who came to trial before Judge Purnell at Newbern at the term of court just closed, had a hard time of it as a conviction was secured in every case one, and in consequence about thirty are in jail and three were sent to a United States penitentiary.

— Goldsboro *Argus* : The sudden death of Mr. Luke Martin, of Duplin county, occurred in this city, about 10 o'clock this (Saturday) morning. He was on his way here to attend the circus with his children, and while on the road was stricken with apoplexy. He was brought here in a comatose condition and was taken to Dr. Jones' office, where he died.

— Rockingham *Rocket*: Mr. William Norris Thrower, formerly of thiscounty, died at his residence near Wade's in Cumberland county last Saturday Oct. 23. —— Mr. Daniel Lassiter died at his home near Zion church Wednesday night. Mr. Lassiter was a highly respected gentleman and in his death the community loses one of its best citizens. He was about 70 years of age.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: Chairman Wilson, of the Railway Commission, told Governor Russell's attorneys last evening that he had no money to pay out for the purpose for which they were engaged, and that they must look to him for their money; that the Attorney General was their lawful attorney. They admitted that they would look to the Governor for their pay.

— Kinston *Free Press:* James H. Dawson, a good, reliable negro, living one mile this side of Grainger's, lost his house, furniture, provisions, etc., by fire last Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Two of his children, boys aged one and three years, perished in the flames. The father and mother were off at work. A larger boy, aged five years, was with them but can't tell how the fire originated.

— "Mamma, what is football?"

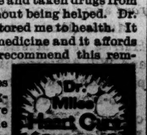
"Well, it's a kind of baseball in which the players pitch with their legs."—*Chicago Daily News.*

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Cures a Prominent Attorney.

MR. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 80. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,



DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Stop suffering! Try Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. June 15 1y (as tu th

TWINKLINGS.

— Well Mated: "I know what ought to be done with cigarette fiends." "What?" "Marry them to the girls who kiss their poodles."—*Chicago Record.*

— As to His Photograph—Cholly—"I don't think the photographer caught me expression, do you?"

She—"I don't see any."—*Puck.*

— At a Distance: Helen—"Kittie claims to be a follower of the fashions."

Mattie—"Well, perhaps she is, but she is a long way behind them."—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Wealthy Girl—"Col. De Biff acts so like proposing when we are alone. I verily believe he is in love."

Other Girl—"Perhaps he is in debt."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Teacher—"Willie, if your father gave you ten cents, and then took away four and gave them to your brother, what would that make?"

Willie—"Trouble."—*Yale Record.*

— Brown—"Shotwell is in hard luck these days. His wife left him." Green—"Worse than that happened to him yesterday." Brown—"What was it?" Green—"She came back."

—The Contrary Sex: Parson Johnson—"So dis little chile am a gal. Do de udder one belong toe de contrary sex?"

Mrs. Jackson—"Yais, pashon; dat's a gal, too."—*Judge.*

— Maud—"Ethel Garlinghorn married? Well, well! She is one of the last women in the world I ever expected to see struck by matrimonial lightning."

Irene—"She wouldn't have been, only she married a conductor."—*Chicago Tribune*

— "Those Dashley girls seem too stuck up for anything lately. Has somebody been leaving them a fortune, I wonder?'

"Oh, no; it isn't that. They have a cousin on the Boston baseball team."—*Cleveland Leader.*

CURRENT COMMENT

—— There is no prejudice among intelligent against the occupation people of banking. On the contrary, it is looked on with favor. The prejudice grows out of the improper use of their power by banks in political matters.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— The Louisville *Post* says the failure of the administration to keep the gold Democrats in office is but one of the reasons for its becoming so "obnoxious" to these gentleman who deserted their party last year If the gold Democrats would eliminate this particular reason the remaining ones would be much more convincing.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Paul L. Dunbar, the negro of poet of Ohio, has been appointed to a position in the library of congress at Washington. Mr. Dunbar's elevation probably is not due so much to the fact that he is negro and a poet as that he hails from that grand old state which supplies patriots who live that they may serve their country.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— One hundred thousand tons of Alabama coal have been sold for delivery at Vera Cruz, Mexico, for the use of Mexican railways. These roads have heretofore purchased their supplies in Europe. The Alabama mines secured the contract in competition with the mines of the world. No section equals the South in natural advantages.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

Pure blood is absolutely necessary for public health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier, and great health giver. †

How Did the Dog Know?

Said an old time sporting man: "I remember one night when Jack Harding, a sport known all over the country, was playing faro bank and had blown in his last cent. Jack had a valuable dog that he called Nero, of which he thought as much as he would of a child. Wherever Jack went the dog went, and it was with him on the night in question. When his last check was taken in by the dealer, Jack turned around and patted the dog, saying, "No supper tonight, old fellow." Suddenly a bright idea struck him, and he said to the dealer:

"'Is Jack good for $50?'

"'Sure thing,' answered the dealer, well knowing the dog was cheap at that money, and that Jack would rustle hard to redeem him. 'Pass him over.'

"The dog was led to the rear of the table and tied to the leg of the dealer's chair, and Jack was given $50 worth of checks. He could not shake off his bad luck and was soon broke again. Jack put in a pretty tough night reviling himself for letting the dog pass into the care of strangers and was unhappy until he fortunately met a man the next day who staked him for another tussle with the tiger. This time he played in better form and went along carefully accumulating a pile of checks until his share of the winnings amounted to $50. The dog, which was still tied to the dealer's chair, seemed to know the moment for his being taken out of pawn had arrived, for just as Jack finished counting the last of the checks which made up the $50 Nero set up a series of joyful barks, and as the debt was paid the dog broke the string with which it was fastened and went bounding to the side of its master. It was natural for the animal to want to get back into the possession of its owner. But what puzzles me is how that dog knew Jack had won enough to take him out of pawn with, and why he lay quiet until the last check necessary to make up the $50 had been won."—Chicago Tribune.

A Story of Two Dogs.

A stuffed dog in a glass case—a common, ordinary street cur—adorns the private apartments of the proprietor of one of Philadelphia's largest hotels. There is a rather curious story connected with the defunct animal, which the hotel man tells as follows: One day the dog came nosing about the lobby, and although ejected several times always returned, evidently in search of the kitchen. Finally, in order to get rid of the cur, it was given a large piece of raw meat. Instead of eating the meat there the canine took the offering in its mouth and went out into the street. Out of sheer curiosity the hotel man followed the animal and saw it take the best to another dog, which was crouching behind the step. The latter stood up on receiving the meat and as it did so held one foot off the ground. It was discovered that the second dog was lame.

While the crippled dog was eating its meat the other stood guard to see that there was no interference. So it came to pass that the proprietor took both dogs into the hotel and christened them Damon and Pythias. Damon is the one in the case, and Pythias still runs about, although old age is creeping on apace.—Philadelphia Record.

There Is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitue. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE NOBLE GAME.

We were convinced that we knew something about games in our road. We had a tennis club, and Wilkinson, Dipps and Banting had each a tennis lawn.

We had a croquet club. We rode horse. We got up private theatricals and fancy balls. We played billiards and halma.

But one day a thunderbolt fell among us. The thunderbolt which fell was the revelation that there is but one game; that its name is "golf," and that those trivialities in which we so vainly indulged were nothing—absolutely nothing—not games at all.

It was The McGourock who let this light in upon us and practically saved us.

There had been a house to let in our road, a villa named Sidelines, with a tennis lawn, and one day McGourock moved in, and those of us who went out after breakfast next morning observed a painter painting out "Sidelines" and substituting "Bunkers." Those among us whose gardens adjoined that of The Sidelines and who happened to go into them before breakfast on that morning following the arrival of The McGourock saw him in his garden engaged with golf stieks and a little white ball stamped with a cross pattern. He had made a little hole in the tennis lawn and was trying to knock the little ball into it.

That evening, while Wilkinson was smoking a pipe in his garden and trying to water a great oak with a half inch hose, emitting a quarter of a pint in five minutes, Peter McGourock looked over the fence and passed the time of day.

"Ye'll have a club here, of course?" asked Peter.

"Oh, rather!" replied Wilkinson. "No end of clubs. We've a capital tennis club, and a croquet club, and a river club, and a bicycle club, and"—

But Wilkinson drew up suddenly, thrown on his launches, for the gray eye of Peter McGourock, which should have been ablaze with enthusiastic interest, was pale with a strong contempt.

"But how about 'the' club?" he asked.

"Club?" said Wilkinson. "Why—well, we've all those clubs—what more"—

"I was not asking about these treevial things," said McGourock. "Where is your golf club?"

"Eh? Oh—why—we haven't—er—exactly any golf club—that is, not just yet. Is it a good sort of game?" said poor Wilkinson.

Peter looked him all over very slowly; then looked the hose all over very slowly; then Wilkinson's garden; then Wilkinson's house, right up to the top of the new Louvre pot. Then repeating very slowly, "Es—et—a—good—sorrt—of—game?" he turned away and disappeared into his drawing room.

For days after that poor Wilkinson, while watering the big oak with the half inch hose, would cast furtive glances at The McGourock tapping the little white ball into the little hole in the lawn, and at times he could perceive, with the tail of his eye, Peter McGourock eying him over, or portions of his property, and at times he could hear the muttered words, "Es et a good sorrt of game!"

At length Wilkinson made a heroic effort to put matters on a less painful footing. He looked over the fence at Peter, who was doing something to a golf iron with a file, and said cheerfully, but with a dreadful nervousness within:

"Is it—er—when you could spare ten minutes I should take it as a favor if you would teach me to play golf."

"Ten minutes, ye say?" said Peter, using that horrid eye of his.

"Well, well—of course I don't mean to say I could learn in ten minutes—ha, ha—ridiculous, of course," said poor Wilkinson. "But if you'd kindly teach me the stroke."

"Sirr," said Peter, "a man cannot be taught golf!"

"Well—of course I don't mean to say—that is—but a fellow might try to learn."

"Golf," said Peter, "is not a thing that a man can learn."

"Well, but—hang it all—how do people ever play? People do play golf, don't they?"

"Play?" said Peter. "And what might ye mean by 'play?'"

"Well—well—confound it! Don't you see people knocking confounded little white balls over confounded obstacles with things like that you're filing at?"

Poor Wilkinson was turning. Even Wilkinsons will turn.

"Ah," replied Peter, "ye see people do that—and many's the number of them. But ye talked of playing. Sirr! If a man begins golf when he's put into short clothes and devotes his life to it (excepting the Sabbath only, that was specially ordained for him to repaint balls and see to things), and if it's granted to that man at the close of a long life to arrive at the knowledge that he knows nothing of golf, that man can die a happy man, and when he's finally holed he will not have lived in vain. Aye!" continued Peter suddenly, "it es a good sorrt of game. It's just a gran game. It's just the only game."

* * * * * * * *

From pure inability to bear the severity of Peter's eye, our road decided to form a golf club, and a deputation waited on Peter to beg him to show us how, to become presidents—and every other officer he cared to be, down to caddie.

"And where do ye propose to make yer links?" he asked.

We had thought that out before. There being no available land within a reasonable distance, we had agreed provisionally that we might utilize our back gardens for the purpose.

The first hole was to be in Banting's grass plot, seven gardens away. It would have been quite possible to get on to Banting's green in one good drive but for the providential interposition of Pordle's cherry tree.

It was arranged that Pordle's summer house—some way out of the straight line—should constitute an official bunker.

Now, to loft the ball well from any position near Pordle's bunker was no easy task, seeing that the player had to avoid the branches of a large elm, and the ball, if stopped by a branch, would inevitably drop through the roof of Pordle's green house and be very difficult to extract by any sort of legitimate play. Bogy for this hole was fixed at three.

From Banting's teeing green to Peter's hole was a single drive affair, but beset with difficulties.

The digression of a few feet to the right would dash the ball against the tower of Pillicott's stable, whereupon the ball would be bound to dribble into the water butt, while a slight divergence to the left would smash the window of Pillicott's billiard room, and the provisional committee of survey agreed to recommend—after the formation of the club—that a portion of the club's surplus funds, should any exist—should be set aside for the purpose

A Mender.

Mrs. Commonstalk (soberly)—Are you sure your fiancee will make a good home body, Eli? Do you think she knows anything about mending, for instance?

Cholly Commonstalk — About mending, mother? Why, that is her very strongest point. I saw her mend a busted tire once in just 14 minutes by the watch.—Harper's Bazar.

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Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1 00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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we know is a satisfied customer. We are doing some of the most successful advertising lately that we ever did before. And how? By pleasing and satisfying as many of our new customers. The new line of Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes, as well as the new lines in John Mundell's Celebrated Dress and School Shoes for Children, which we have recently added, are doing successful work for us. Come Monday morning at 10 o'clock and see who gets the Watch. On that day, Nov 1st, and any day thereafter for 60 days, except Sundays, we will issue tickets enabling you to work for three valuable articles to be handed to their owners on Friday, Dec, 31, 1897.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

oc 30 tf 115 Princess Street.

Fishes In Captivity.

Fishes in aquariums when first placed in captivity are likely to be wild and to seek constantly to escape. Sooner or later they quiet down, and often they become very tame. They feed well and grow and seem quite settled and content in their new home. But it may be that some fish, after a year of this quiet, routine life, are suddenly seized again with a desire to escape and go wild in their efforts, roaming the tank incessantly and finally killing themselves by running blindly or recklessly into a wall.

Fishes are sometimes greatly disturbed by parasites. But fishes that are perfectly sound take on sometimes in this manner, and their actions seem attributable only to the awakening of an intense desire to be free again.—New York Sun.

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Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
1 ℔ Jute			6¾
Standard			7⅞
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	46
Virginia Meal		@	46
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—			
Northern Factory	11	@	10¼
Dairy, Cream		@	11½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	25 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 10
First Patent	5 25	@	5 60
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	51	@	47½
Car load, in bags—White,		@	46½
Oats, from store		@	32
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER—(city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	15 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 55
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress	3 50	@	5 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grans'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	4
STAVES, R. O. W. O. barrel	5 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	5 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1 20
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	6	@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.90 per bbl for Strained and $1.85 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1.40 per barrel for Hard, 1.90 for Soft.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 25. 24½c; rosin firm, $1.50, 1.55; tar quiet, $1.00; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, 1.90, 1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	38
Rosin	101
Tar	114
Crude Turpentine	6

Receipts same day last year—79 casks spirits turpentine, 685 bbls rosin, 243 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5½c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 1-16 cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4¾ " "
Low Middling	5 1-16 " "
Middling	5½ " "
Good Middling	5¾ " "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—668 bales; same day last year 2,885.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 55c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1 15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $8.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of October, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
79,883	2,878	10,059	6,587	1,547

RECEIPTS.

For month of October, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
73,294	2,413	16,784	3,471	1,227

EXPORTS.

For month of October, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	2,702	2,198	1,163	5,984	983
Foreign	75,951	000	11,678	000	000
	78,653	2,198	12,841	5,984	983

EXPORTS.

For month of October, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	8,008	4,517	799	5,090	1,014
Foreign	62,302	000	14,136	13	000
	68,310	4,517	14,935	5,103	1,014

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 1, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	13,694	13,471	26,165
Spirits	2,950	000	2,950
Rosin	49,370	000	49 370
Tar	1,180	000	1,180
Crude	718	000	718

STOCKS.

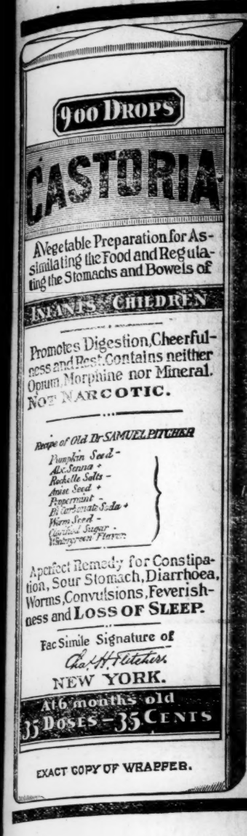
Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 1, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
22,051	1,388	24,192	2,315	583

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼ for demand and 483¼@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 483@483½ and 486@486¼. Commercial bills 481¾@483¾. Silver certificates 57¼@59. Government bonds strong; new f



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Not long ago a good joke was played on a young medical man in a town in Scotland, which had the effect of recalling him to the fact that the healing of the sick should be his first care. For a time the medico fairly divided his time and attention between his lady love and his patients.

Latterly, however, the patients have felt themselves neglected, the lady love, who lives in the neighborhood, monopolizing the doctor's attentions, and when a call was made at the surgery the young man was generally to be found at the home of his inamorata.

So in the dead of night some waggish folk removed the name plate from the surgery door and screwed it on to the front gate of the lady's residence.

It is not said whether the doctor relished the little joke, but there is a marked improvement in his attendance to patients since the occurrence.—Scottish Nights.

One Exception.

"I am wholly a self made man," said the gentleman with the air of money to incinerate.

They who heard him laughed softly. It was common report that the bald area on the top of his head was the work of his wife.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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Marvelous appliance and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, *without any advance payment*, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, &c. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. scheme; no deception; no exposure. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE JAY.

The jay is a jovial bird—heigh-ho!
He chatters all day
In a frolicsome way
With the murmuring breezes that blow—heigh ho!

Hear him noisily call
From the redwood tree tall
To his mate in the opposite tree—heigh-ho!
Saying, "How do you do?"
As his topknot of blue
Is raised as polite as can be—heigh-ho!

Oh, impudent jay,
With your plumage so gay,
And your manners so jaunty and free—heigh-ho!
How little you guessed
When you robbed the wren's nest
That any stray fellow would see—heigh-ho!
—Charles A. Keeler in St. Nicholas.

A MODERN DEBORAH.

At the eastern extremity of the long, straggling street of Nagy-Nemethy are the crumbling ruins of a deserted house.

More than 40 years ago, when the Hungarian people awoke and began to rattle their chains, there lived in this house a young Jewish couple, Adolf Sonnenfeld and his wife Eglantine. Although scarcely 15 years of age when her husband first took her from her parents' watchful care, she was no half opened bud, but a glorious woman, a blooming rose of Sharon. Sonnenfeld, like many a young German townsman, was a slender, fair haired young fellow. His wife Egla was a lovely Jewess of the purest type. Suppressed fervor lurked behind the cold gaze of her dark, scornful eyes, and the mobile mouth could soften sweetly to the warming kiss or harden with deliberation for command. Her husband was merely a practical man of business, of a sly and cunning disposition, called good humored by his friends because he was too cautious to risk doing an injury.

In spite of the differences in their characters Egla seemed to love her husband even more than her fatherland, and that speaks volumes, for she was an ardent Hungarian. She had borne her husband two children, and through her teaching they were growing up with a fervent love of home and fatherland.

The storms of February swept over Paris and the feverish March days in Vienna were followed by the Hungarian rising, while her character was developing from day to day in strength and energy. But when in October the revolution brought the Hungarian army before Vienna, her zeal for the national cause at length took a tangible form.

One morning at breakfast, having scanned the newspaper, she commenced: "Adolf, every one is taking up arms for the fatherland—old men, boys, and even women. Why do you hold back?"

"Are you mad?" cried Sonnenfeld, half irritated, half frightened. "What is Hungarian liberty to me? I am a Jew. Even if I wanted to go to the war they would only laugh at me. I don't know how to hold a gun."

"You can learn"—

"I shan't think of it!" cried Sonnenfeld, cutting her short. "We have soldiers enough. I am no hero!"

The truth came home to Egla that her husband was no hero very shortly. Hussars came into the village, and then all who had hitherto held back came forward and joined the colors. Sonnenfeld alone was not to be seen. He seemed to have disappeared, and only came in sight again after the last horseman had quitted Nagy-Nemethy. Egla found out afterward that he had been hidden in the cellar and supplied with food and drink by the cook. Her first impulse was to take away her children and leave the husband whom she despised for his cowardice. Sonnenfeld fell on his knees and begged her to stay. He raised his hands to heaven and implored her with tears in his eyes not to leave him, and when at last the children interceded she remained.

From that day she treated him with silent disdain. That proved more galling than open hostility or reproaches. Hitherto he had taken no interest whatever in the struggles of the fatherland, but now he began to interest himself more and more. But his sympathies were all with the anti-Magyar party. He hated the agitators who had robbed him of his wife's love and the patriots whose heroic courage branded him as a coward. He could barely hide his joy when Windischgratz, with the imperial troops, crossed the frontier and pushed on to Budapest, but Egla grew ever paler, ever quieter. When the Hungarian capital fell and the national troops fell back on Debriezin, Sonnenfeld felt sure that all was over. He went about radiant and joyful, as if he had won the victory or inherited a million.

It was not long before the First Imperialist light cavalry showed themselves in Nagy-Nemethy. A whole brigade followed and pitched camp in the neighborhood. Some of the soldiers were billeted in the village, and the general himself took up his quarters in Sonnenfeld's house. The husband surpassed himself in hospitality, loyalty and attention to the wants of his guest. Egla, who held herself aloof, timid but inimical, one day saw the general kick her husband out of the door. She felt as if her heart were crushed; then the blood rushed to her face, but she endured in silence.

A few days later hussars appeared in the neighborhood, and the imperialist outposts exchanged shots with them. During the night the brigade became alarmed, for the Hungarians approached on all sides and threatened to overwhelm them. Every one was afoot, the inhabitants stood in the street doors whispering, while cannon and heavily armed cavalry rattled by. Elga, who had dressed herself rapidly, found that her husband had left the house. She glided out after him, only to find him by the garden hedge deep in conversation with the general. Sonnenfeld bowed obsequiously as he spoke, and the general laughed amiably. That laugh seemed to Egla even more insulting than the kick he had given her husband a few days back. She only caught detached words and isolated phrases of the conversation. But she gathered that while her husband was assuring him of his devotion the general was complaining that he could gain no information, even from the poorest peasant. At sunrise an adjutant arrived bearing a sealed letter for the general, on reading which he gave the order for the imperialist troops to withdraw to the south.

The changeful scenes of the Hungarian winter campaign followed in quick rotation, each day bringing contradictory reports. Egla was consumed with anxiety and excitement, and she passed sleepless nights of watching, only to sink, wearied and exhausted, on her couch as daylight approached, and when the bright sunlight streamed in upon her she would awake with a start as if aroused by some horrid dream.

Business was at a standstill, Sonnenfeld alone showing a restless activity. He contracted for provisions of all kinds for the supply of the imperialist troops, and after visits from suspicious looking characters would absent himself from home for days together. Egla watched him with anxious heart and increasing uneasiness.

One beautiful, sunshiny winter's day hussars with loaded carbines rode into the village. The villagers received them with loud hurrahs and cries of welcome, and the joy was increased when a Honved battalion followed them on foot. The Hungarians halted, picketed their outposts, sent out patrols to all points of the compass, and, their duty over, began to think of the commissariat. The inhabitants of Nagy-Nemethy brought out the best they had to compensate the brave fellows, if ever so little, for the hardships of their campaign. Egla did not like to follow the example of the others without first obtaining her husband's consent. She went in search of him, but was unable to find him either at home or anywhere in the village. Evil forebodings took possession of her mind.

Night closed in. Every one slept in Nagy-Nemethy—every one but Egla. She sat on her bed waiting and listening. She felt that she must listen and wait for—something; something so terrible it hardly took form in her mind, yet it was something that had been hanging over her for a long time. She sat and waited—one hour—two hours—till she grew drowsy from sheer exhaustion. Suddenly she was startled. Was it the sound of shots? What was that confused noise? The trumpets brayed, words of command were heard, and the firing increased. She ran to the window, and as she threw it open a bullet whistled past and impinged upon the wall behind her. She drew back quickly and extinguished the light. There was fighting in the streets of Nagy-Nemethy.

The imperialists had advanced upon the Honved battalion under cover of the night, and the Hungarians had been overpowered. A few of them managed to escape with the colors, but the rest were taken prisoners or died the patriot's death.

Egla sat in her room like one in a trance. Her thoughts stood still. The time passed away, but she was heedless of it till suddenly she started at the sound of voices in the next room. Her husband had returned, and with him— How well she knew those clear, commanding tones as she listened to the words of praise and the promise of a great reward—to her husband.

The imperialists did not remain long, and her husband went away in their train. Egla obtained a conveyance, and, wrapping her children up warmly, drove away with them to her father's house. Having placed them in safety, she returned home on the third day and awaited her husband's return.

On the fourth evening after her return she heard her husband enter the house softly, like a thief, and like a thief he started when his wife, candle in hand, stepped out of her room before him. Placing the light upon the table she seated herself, and coldly and sternly, like a judge, she commenced her examination.

"Where were you?"

"I have done a good bit of business."

"I know it."

"I have delivered a contract for bread and bacon to"—

"You have delivered up your brethren? You spy!" shrieked the Jewess, flaming with indignation.

"What do you mean?" Sonnenfeld was pale as a ghost.

"I overheard your conversation with the general."

"Anything further?" And the husband tried to laugh.

The beautiful Jewess stood up and gazed steadily into his face. "This further—you are a traitor and deserve to die, but I have loved you and would not have the name that I have borne and the name of my children dishonored before the world. You shall not therefore swing from the gallows, as you deserve, for I will let you kill yourself here upon the spot."

"I believe you have lost your reason," cried her husband.

For answer she glided quietly into her room and fetched a loaded pistol. "You must die," cried Egla, "and if you have sunk so low that you do not understand how great is the enormity of the crime you have committed, or if your cowardice be so great you dare not kill yourself, then will I be your executioner in the name of the fatherland."

She placed the muzzle of the pistol against his breast, when the wretch fell upon his knees begging and entreating her to spare his life.

The tragic figure stood superbly above him, gazed at him for a moment with unutterable contempt and then uncocked the pistol.

"No, truly, you are not worth powder and shot."

She turned from him and went into her own room, when he feverishly sprang to the door and fastened it behind her.

Egla listened, and when she felt certain her husband had gone to bed she wrapped herself in a fur cloak and stepped out through the long window into the night.

As day broke the tread of horses sounded in front of Sonnenfeld's house, and a few blows from the butt end of a musket soon broke open the door. Hussars, with his wife at their head, burst into the room where he was sleeping.

"There is the spy," cried she coldly. "He is my husband, but I would see him hanged."

Sonnenfeld, whining vainly, pleaded for pardon as the hussars bound his hands behind him and dragged him forth. His wife looked on in silence. When the rope was placed round his neck and the end slung over the lime tree, she swung herself into the saddle of a horse that the hussars had prepared for her and galloped away, followed in a few minutes by the soldiers.

At the taking of Waitzen a beautiful woman rode in front of the Honved battalion. It was the Jewess of Nagy-Nemethy. Once again was she seen in the forefront of the fight when the Poles of Mazuchelli's regiment stormed the green hill of Komorn at the point of the bayonet, and there she fell riddled with bullets, but wrapped in the standard of her country and staining its colors with her blood.—Translated From the German For San Francisco Argonaut.

One on Bishop Potter.

Bishop Potter said at a press banquet given in New York: "One day I was eating my dinner when the servant entered the room and informed me that a young man from a local newspaper had called to see me. She said she had informed him that I could not see him, as I was at dinner, but he had pushed her aside with the remark that he would wait inside.

"Thereupon I arose and went out into the hall with my napkin in my hand. I walked past the young man to the door, opened it and with a wave of my hand signified that he might retire. The next day the young man published a highly colored report in his paper, in which he stated that it was possible that Bishop Potter might be a Christian, but he certainly was not a gentleman."

This story brought down the house.—New York Mail and Express.

She Realized.

"Amelia Sassafras," said Marcellus Roddy, with an accent of pain in his rich voice, "do you realize the anguish you have caused me by your refusal of my heart and hand? No, you are cold and passionless; you realize nothing."

"You are mistaken, Mr. Roddy," said Amelia haughtily. "Do you remember the ring you gave me, and the opera glasses, and the bracelets, and the gold thimble?"

"I do remember them," moaned the wretched young man.

"Well," said Amelia, "I have realized on them all. I give you the pawn tickets and this bundle of letters. Farewell forever, Mr. Roddy."—Pearson's Weekly.

I have always thought that what was good was only what was beautiful put in action.—Bousseau.

TAKEN AT HIS WORD.

A Story About Joseph H. McCullagh and a Rival Editor.

When William Hyde, who afterward became postmaster of St. Louis during Cleveland's first term, was managing editor of The Republican in that city, he threw down the gantlet in an editorial on some question of local importance. It was immediately accepted by Editor McCullagh of The Globe-Democrat, and a warm debate was precipitated between the two able editors. The intensity of feeling grew apace, and, as often happens in controversies of that kind, drifted into one of scathing abuse between the editors. It was fun for the readers of the rival papers, but disagreeable to the friends of the participants, who expected that serious trouble would result, both men being courageous and daring.

Finally the vitriolic paragraphs of Editor McCullagh stung the other editor with such force that he dispatched a personal communication to McCullagh, telling the latter that the city of St. Louis was not large enough for both of them to live in at the same time, and that one or the other had to leave the city immediately, and since he himself did not contemplate an early departure McCullagh should govern himself accordingly.

The cool and calculating editor of The Globe-Democrat replied by the same messenger that he would answer the communication the next morning in the editorial columns of his paper. And, true to his word, the editorial appeared over the signature of Mack, his war nom de plume. The editorial, which was double leaded, declared that he had received a communication from Mr. Hyde the day previous, in which the latter had stated that the city was not large enough to hold them both at the same time, and that Hyde or McCullagh must leave town. Following this came a lavish expression of deep regret on the part of The Globe-Democrat in having to announce the sudden and untimely departure of Editor Hyde of The Republican, that Mr. Hyde was a man who in his long residence in St. Louis had earned the esteem and respect of all who knew him, and that in his leave taking the city would suffer a distinct and irreparable loss. The editorial then concluded with a long biographical sketch of Editor Hyde, as if he had died on the previous day. The satire was even more pungent than had been the editorial paragraphs previously published. It was effective, too, for it ended the controversy, and both editors pursued the even tenor of their way within a stone's throw of each other without further trouble.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Matting.

All good housemaids know that matting should be swept with a soft matting brush, plied with the grain of the weave. To catch the flying dust that makes a matting laid floor one of the most difficult to sweep clean, a newspaper, wet and crushed and pushed before the broom, is recommended.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

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The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

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Deposits made on or before Monday, November 1st., begin to bear interest on that day at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. oc 30 tf

STATEMENT OF ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business Oct. 5th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$602,344 70	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	30 95	Surplus	25,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,106 70—39,106 70
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	307,586 02	Total Deposits	638,068 07
Cash on hand	56,748 20—364,329 12		
Total	$931,704 77	Total	$931,704 77

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Oct. 5th, '95.	Oct. 5th, '96.	Oct. 5th, '97
Deposits	575,000	$646,000	$688,000
Surplus and Net Profits	50,100	52,800	69,100
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. oc 10 tf

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au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } In Superior Court.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court of the County of New Hanover, made in the proceedings for Partition in the matter of Thomas A. Heide, *et al.*, vs. Henry H. Heide, *et al.*, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court, will, on Thursday the 18th day of November, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock M., sell at public auction, at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover, in the City of Wilmington, for cash to the highest bidder, all the following lots and tracts of land lying and being in the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover, and described as follows:

1st. That tract of land in the said county, known as "Appleton," and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the run of Doctor's Branch, thence running north 64 deg. W. 150 poles to a pine in the bay, thence N. 30 deg. W. 130 poles to a stake in the run of a branch in Yearling Savanna, thence over said branch with its meanderings to the mill pond, high water mark, thence along the high water mark around the pond to where it heads in Doctor's Branch, thence along the run of said branch with its meanderings to the first station; containing 400 acres, more or less, and being the same described in a deed of W. D. Smith and M. E. Smith to W. C. Heide, recorded in Book E E E, p. 163, *et seq.*, of the records of said county.

2d. Also, that lot in the said State and county and in the city of Wilmington, and in block No. 197, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Second street at a stone wall, the northern line of a lot once the property of C. C. Morse, thence east with the said line and the southern line of said wall 114 feet; thence northwardly in a line parallel with the said line of Second street 41 feet to an alley thence west parallel with Ann street and along the alley 114 feet to the said line of Second street, thence with said line of Second street 41 feet to the beginning.

W. S. McKOY,
oct 29 30t Commissioner.

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Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3 30 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 36 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Maxton 6 13 p m, Laurinburg 6 28 p m, Hamlet 6 55 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 403 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 45 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 05 p m, Hamlet 6 55 p m, Rockingham 7 20 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 35 p m, Athens 6 45 a m and Atlanta 8 50 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 05 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m, Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 3 07 a m, Sanford 5 35 a m, Hamlet 8 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 20 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 35—Leaves Hamlet 8 30 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 11 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m, Arrives Athens 3 15 p m, Monroe 9 20 p m, Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m, Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 15 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 6 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 35 a m, Richmond 8 15 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect October 10th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 38 "
Leave Sanford	11 55 "
Leave Climax	12 59 p m
Arrive Greensboro	2 49 "
Leave Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 49 "
Leave Sanford	2 38 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 57 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 03 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 05 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 55 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 33 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 22 "
Leave Climax	4 30 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 06 "

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN No. 8.

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Arrive Fayetteville 10 35 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 12, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.04 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 5.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.35 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 7.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 55 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.42 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 13.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.40 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 2, 1897

FUNERAL OF HENRY GEORGE.

Remains Laid to Rest in Greenwood Cemetery—Simple Services—Not Many People Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 1.—After a short, simple funeral service, the body of Henry George was finally laid to rest in Greenwood cemetery to-day. Only a few persons were present at the family residence. The ceremonies to-day were the antithesis of yesterday's. In the home overlooking the Narrows, where Mr. George had lived and worked, there was no trace of mourning. In accordance with the expressed wishes of the dead man, every bit of crape had been removed from the house. The Rev. Dr. John W. Kramer, of Bath Beach, conducted the funeral services. After reading part of the Episcopal service for the dead, Dr. Kramer paid a touching tribute to Mr. George. He alluded to the fact that to-day was All Saints, and was therefore a fitting occasion to commit the remains of Henry George, one of the greatest of latter-day Christian saints, to the grave. Dr. Kramer testified to the personal religion of Mr. George. The power of religion in social problems was questioned by a man who was talking with Mr. George. He said with flashing eye, George replied: "If religion be nothing more than you think it to be, our cause is lost, because unless there is reality in religion and we can appeal through it to humanity, we shall never get back God's land for God's poor children."

After the Lord's prayer had been said by all, the Rev. Dr. McGlynn also paid a personal tribute to the departed.

Just after 11 o'clock struck the coffin was closed, taken out into the rain and placed in the hearse. Only members of the family and intimate friends accompanied the remains to the cemetery.

The service at the grave was very short, being simply the burial service of the Episcopal Church. Besides the family of Mr. George there were present about two hundred people. The grave, which is situated on a bluff in a beautiful part of Greenwood, is quite close to the tomb of Henry Ward Beecher. Near at hand is also the grave of Mrs. Benjamin F. Tracy.

UNION PACIFIC ROAD SOLD.

Bought by the Reorganization Committee Without Opposition—Total Sum $57,564,932.76.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OMAHA, NEB., November 1.—The Union Pacific road property, including the buildings and all that goes to operate the system, was this morning sold to the reorganization committee for the sum of $53,538 532.76. This amount does not include the sinking fund in the hands of the government, and taking this to be $4,026,400, the amount stated in the government decree covering the sale of the road, the total paid for the property was $57 564,932 76. There were no other bidders and the road went to the reorganization committee without opposition. The sale of the road was in itself one of the tamest and most uninteresting performances possible to imagine. The crowd, which was not over six hundred all told, was packed so closely around the doorway and up in front of the centre of the building that the reorganization committee, the men who came to buy the road, were unable to see anything or hear a word of what was going on.

Under the terms of the sale, the purchasers have ninety days in which to pay over the full amount of the purchase money, and that part of the transaction will be carried out in New York in the future. The government now has the sinking fund of the road and the amount of the guarantee check put up by the reorganization committee, this is just about ten per cent. of the full purchase price of the road.

To-morrow at the same time and at the same place as the sale to-day was held, another sale will be held under the foreclosure of the trust deed securing the construction bonds which constitute the first lien on the road.

VIRGINIA FORECAST.

Democrats Will Elect Their State Ticket and Have a Majority in Both Houses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, November 1.—There is no change in the forecast of the election in Virginia sent out Saturday night. The Democrats will elect their State ticket, and with the hold-over Senators have a clear working majority in both houses. This means the re-election of Senator John W. Daniel to succeed himself as United States Senator, he having been endorsed for re-election by the Democratic convention which met in Roanoke. The vote throughout the State promises to be light, especially if the rains of to-day continue. The most important question before the Legislature will be the reduction of expenses. The canvass has been, on both sides, the most spiritless known in years. In many of the legislative districts the Democrats have no opposition.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

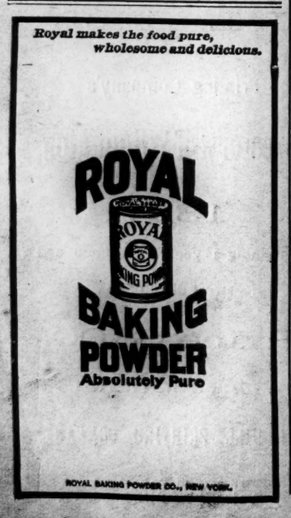
Safe Blown Open and Over $1,000 in Currency Taken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA, November 1.—At Smithfield, Va., this morning thieves looted the postoffice, securing $400 from one registered letter and $650 in currency from the safe, which was blown open. There is no clue to the identity of the robbers, although they were seen by several persons.

The body of a well-dressed white man was found on Sullivan's island beach yesterday morning. A check for a seat on the Clyde steamship Iroquois was found in his pocket. It is supposed that he came to Charleston last Friday from New York with that boat.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE EVE OF ELECTION.

CLOSE OF THE SENSATIONAL POLITICAL CAMPAIGN IN NEW YORK.

Each Party Professes the Utmost Confidence in Victory—The Betting Favors Van Wyck, Tammany's Candidate for Mayor—Seth Low the Second Choice.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 1.—The most sensational political campaign in the history of New York ended to-night. Not a day for the past month has been devoid of exciting incidents. A few months ago it seemed as though there would be a straight fight between the Republicans and Democrats with the odds in favor of the latter on account of the opposition to the Raines liquor law, a Republican measure which requires saloons to pay a high license, to remain closed from 1 to 5 o'clock a. m., and to remain closed on Sunday. The law is highly unpopular among the foreign-born inhabitants of this city.

Four events have occurred which have in turn upset the calculations of the political leaders. The first was the formation of the Citizens' Union, which drew its strength chiefly from the Republican party and whose leaders were so fiercely hostile to Senator Platt and his methods of directing the regular Republican organization that coalition of all the anti-Tammany forces, an end that Mr. Platt repeatedly declared he desired, was impossible. The Citizens' Union leaders asserted that the regular Republican organization and its manager were quite as offensive to good citizenship as those of Tammany.

The second startling event was the return from Europe of Tammany's old leader, Richard Croker, or rather his immediate assumption of the management of Tammany Hall. He swept aside all opposition, dictated the domination of Robert A. Van Wyck for mayor and carried matters with such a high hand as to lead to serious defections from the wigwam.

The third epoch of the campaign began with the call of Henry George to the Democrats who believed in Thomas Jefferson to join him in a fight for honest government. His veterans in the campaign of 1886, when he polled 68,100 votes flocked to his standard as the soldiers of France did to the banner of Napoleon returned from Elba, and in a few days, Henry George, apparently lacking none of the resources of war was waging a fight that amazed all the other political parties. From the Battery to the Bronx, from Staten Island to Rockaway, he preached the rights of man and denounced the so-called party "bosses," with fierce energy. Last Thursday night, the tide seemed to be flowing irresistibly to George. On Friday came his death, an event that moved New York as nothing has since the civil war.

At the campaign headquarters to-night each party professes the utmost confidence of victory to-morrow. The betting favors Van Wyck, the Tammany candidate for Mayor; Seth Low ranking next. Old politicians are quoted as saying that the vote for young Henry George will not be large.

Tammany Hall was dark and deserted to-night. The lieutenants had received their final instructions during the afternoon and the lines were closed up for the battle of to-morrow. From chief Croker to the humblest worker of the lot, Tammany Hall was confident of a sweeping victory for every candidate under its standard.

The George headquarters were deserted to-night, save for the presence of several members of the campaign committee. The general feeling was one of confidence. "It is our belief," said a member of the campaign committee, "that our candidate will poll all the votes that would have gone to his father and many beside. I do not think Mr. Low will profit much, if at all, by Mr. George's death. We are not making predictions, but from that confidence gained by close touch with the plain people, we feel that this city will give the politicians a big surprise. So, too, will the borough of Brooklyn."

Felix Adler, the ethical professor; Dr. William S. Rainford, clergyman, and Richard Watson Gilder, the poet, addressed one of the most interesting meetings of the campaign to-night at Apollo Hall, on the lower east side. Five hundred men and a few women, mostly Hebrews, were jammed into a hall half filled with seats. The other chairs had been taken down stairs for a meeting of clothing workers who wanted to hear about Seth Low.

The Hoffman House lobby was filled with politicians and betting men. The odds on Van Wyck, whose supporters seemed to have money to burn, were two to one with an occasional better offer. While Republicans were accepting bets occasionally, they made none. Low men were on hand and placed several wagers.

The *Herald* gives the following as the betting upon the Greater New York municipal election: One to 3½ against Van Wyck; 3½ to 1 against Low; 15 to 1 against Low; 15 to 1 against Tracy; 2½ to 1 that Low beats Tracy; even money that Van Wyck's plurality exceeds 40,000; even money that Low does not get more than 165,000 votes; 10 to 8 and even money that Low carries Brooklyn; even money that Tracy's vote exceeds 100,000; even money that Van Wyck will get 200,000 votes.

BERING SEA CONFERENCE.

The Treaty Expected to be Formally Signed This Week by Representatives of the United States, Russia and Japan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—It is expected that a treaty or convention between the United States, Russia and Japan will be formally signed and executed at the State Department during the present week, carrying out the proposition before the Bering Sea Conference for a suspension of pelagic sealing. The present understanding is that the signing of this document will occur within the next few days. It will represent the completed efforts of the conference, and with the signing concluded the conference will adjourn. The terms of the treaty or convention will follow the lines of the proposition considered by the conference and referred with favorable recommendation to the authorities at St. Petersburg and Tokio. No doubt existed as to the acceptance of the Russian authorities, and it can now be stated positively that the Japanese Government has approved the proposition and that the Japanese delegates are prepared to place their signature to the treaty. This clears away all obstacles and little remains to be done beyond the formalities attending the signing of such an instrument. The essential features of the treaty or convention is for the suspension of pelagic sealing for such a period as will permit the seal herds to revive. The period of this suspension is not disclosed. One report is that it was for one year, subject to extension. Another is that it will cover a term of years, but the exact duration of the suspension cannot be verified.

At the close of business on October 30th, 1897, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,020, 593,901, an increase for the month of $8,441,186.

RHEUMATISM is due to lactic acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid and completely cures the aches and pains of rheumatism. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c. †

THE FEVER SITUATION.

JACK FROST THREATENS TO DISPLACE YELLOW JACK.

A Cold Snap at Mobile and New Orleans—Expectations of Frost—A Decided Improvement Looked for—The Record of New Cases and Deaths from the Disease.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, Ala., November 1.—Nine new cases, no deaths and five recoveries is the report of the first day of the month.

At Whistler, nineteen cases are under treatment. There was one death there Sunday.

At Mount Vernon one death is announced.

Wagar, Ala., has up to yesterday, had forty cases and three deaths.

No new cases are reported at Flomaton, Ala.

The temperature has been steadily falling all day and to-night is felt the first wintry air of the season. It is generally predicted that there will be a heavy frost before morning.

NEW ORLEANS, November 1.—From now on the number of yellow fever cases will gradually decrease, is the opinion of the Board of Health officials. The anxiously awaited cold wave arrived here last night and even colder weather is expected for to-morrow. The local forecast officials predict that frost will fall in the northern portion of Louisiana to-night. The cold snap has had the effect of increasing the mortality and also has caused the number of new cases to swell somewhat. It is generally believed, however, that to morrow will show a decided improvement in the situation. Eleven deaths from fever are reported to-day.

MONTGOMERY, ALA, November 1.—The official bulletin of the Board of Health to-day chronicles only one new case of yellow fever for the past twenty-four hours, F. E. Yarborough, 838 Herron street, and one death, R. Weathers. Mr. Weathers contracted his case at his work as a cotton man in the infected district. The facts that there has been only one new case in the last twenty-four hours shows the beneficent influence of the change in the weather. It commenced raining yesterday and rained hard last night. The indications are that it will be quite cold in the morning, and if there is no wind there will be a good frost. Everybody feels that the epidemic is practically over. The chances are there will be few if any more cases, and these probably from houses in which there have already been cases, to which other members of their families have been exposed.

The official report from Selma is: No new cases, and no deaths. The only patient under treatment, Miss Pearson, is in a critical condition, with the chances against her recovery.

JACKSON, Miss., November 1.—The State Board of Health to-night issued the following official statement:

One new case of yellow fever is reported from Edwards and three from Nitta Yuma.

There are no new cases at the other infected points.

From Durant is reported one death.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 1.—The fever situation in this city and vicinity is most encouraging to-night, the official report for the twenty-four hours ending at 9 o'clock being two new cases and one death. The weather conditions are most favorable and the indications to-night suggest freezing weather to-morrow.

NEGROES AND WHITES.

Serious Trouble Between the Races at Fort Pierce, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 1.—A special to the *Times-Union and Citizen* from Fort Pierce, Fla., says that serious trouble has occurred there between negroes and whites, the result being that the negro settlement has been broken up, their church burned and all of the members of the race compelled to leave. The cause of the trouble was an insulting and obscene note handed by a negro to a respectable young white lady while at the post office. She did not open the note until she reached home and then promptly showed it to her brother, who arming himself and notifying the neighbors, went after the offender to deal summary punishment. The rascal, however, had been spirited away by his friends and was not caught. The whites, disappointed at not finding him, turned their attention to others of the race who have a small settlement on the edge of the town.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Decision in Cases of the Southern Express Company Against the State of Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—In the United States Supreme Court to-day an opinion was announced by the Chief Justice in the various cases of the Southern Express Company against the State of Virginia, involving the legality of the State statute providing a penalty for overcharges by common carriers. There were five cases, all appealed from the Supreme Court of the State by the Express Company. The judgment of the State Court was against the Express Company, and to-day's opinion affirms this judgment. There was no written opinion in the case, but the decision was based upon the opinion in the case of the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railroad Company versus Willman.

SPAIN'S NAVY

To be Increased by the Purchase of Armed Cruisers Now Under Construction in England.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, November 2.—The *Daily Chronicle* says this morning: "We were informed that the Spanish Government signed contracts last week with an important firm of British shipbuilders by which it acquires some cruisers, armed with quick firing guns, which the firm had nearly completed for another Government, whose consent, presumably, Spain had secured to this arrangement.

"When the question of finance was raised by the constructors the Spanish Minister of Marine, Admiral Bermejo, represented that in the event of war the Spanish government could count upon an internal war loan."

INDEPENDENCE OR DEATH.

The Motto of the Cuban Patriots—The Junta Repudiate the Proposed Reform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Cuban Junta held a meeting to-day to protest against the proposals of reform offered by Spain to Cuba. It was unanimously decided to draw up a resolution repudiating the proposed reforms to be signed by every Cuban patriot now residing in this country and abroad. The motto of the Cuban patriots, it was pointed out, is "absolute independence or death."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

IMPORTANT CASES BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT FOR DECISION.

Hussey's Libel Suit Against the News and Observer—Arrival of Jack Frost—Trinity College and Wake Forest Contest—The Cumnock Coal Mine Case—Heavy Rains.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., November 1.

J. B. Hussey, the Washington, D. C., correspondent, who has a libel suit for $10 000 against the *News and Observer* in the present term of Wake Superior Court, arrived in the city to-day.

Attorney General Walser returned to the city to-day. Mr. Walser spends very little time in Raleigh.

It is said that the Supreme Court will render decisions in some very important cases in a few days.

Jack Frost made his first arrival here Saturday morning. Sunday morning there was a very heavy frost.

Trinity College and Wake Forest will contest for oratorical honors in a debate to be held in this city Thanksgiving day. Much interest is being manifested in the debate by the students and friends of the two institutions. The Academy of Music has been secured for the debate.

Sheriff Jones says the people are paying their taxes very promptly this year. Saturday there was a rush to get to the Sheriff's counter. One lady resident of this city paid in taxes to the amount of $750.

A heavy rain set in last night and to-day there is little prospect of clear weather for some time. With all the rain we have had for the past two weeks, the streams have not yet risen above their usual height.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Romulus Weathers, cotton classer, from here, died in Montgomery, Ala., this morning from yellow fever. His relations here did not know he was ill.

Judge Purnell will take up the Langdon Hennsey case at Richmond, Va., Nov. 8th. The confirmation of the commissioners sale of the Cumnock property will come up.

EXECUTION IN GOLDSBORO.

Sam Wright Will be Hanged in the Jail Yard—Three Burglaries Sunday.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Nov. 1.—The County Commissioners this afternoon decided to have the execution of Sam Wright, the negro murderer, the 10th inst, in the jail yard, private.

Three burglaries were committed yesterday; one in the city and two in the country. In every instance the thieves were after money.

RYAN-CHOYNSKI.

Challenge for a Limited Round Contest to Take Place Early in December Next.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, November 1.—Parson Davis issued the following challenge to "Tut" Ryan, of Australia, in behalf of Joe Choynski. Ryan is now in New York.

"Learning that 'Tut' Ryan, the champion Australian heavy-weight pugilist, is desirous of arranging a match with any of the heavy weight pugilists in this country, I will match Joe Choynski, of San Francisco, against him for a limited round contest under Marquis of Queensberry rules, the contest to take place on or about December 8th."

Choynski has signed with a Chicago club to meet Ryan, Mater or Goddard. The club will give the boxers 50 per cent. of the gross gate receipts.

B. P. Steph has been appointed postmaster at Flat Rock, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positive y cash in advance

For Cabbage, all kinds Field Peas, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Onions, Eggs, Chickens, see L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. No specialty, everything handled. oc 31 1t

Printer Wanted—Must be competent, steady and sober, and good in displaying ads, with knowledge of Campbell power press. No others need apply. A steady job to the right man. "The Headlight," Goldsboro, N. C. oc 31 3t

Wanted at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid. Companion to an infirm or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good. Address, S. A. G., Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

Wanted—Experienced shoe salesman for Eastern North Carolina. Must have established trade. Positively no applications considered unless amount of sales and references stated. Address, M. Samuels & Co., distributors of boots and shoes, Baltimore, Md. oc 31 3t*

Country Produce—Consignments of all kinds of country produce wanted by H. J. Bierman, Commission Merchant, 125 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. All goods carefully handled and prompt returns given. oc 30 tf

Lost—Check No. 731, drawn by The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co. on The Atlantic National Bank in favor of E. D. Wessell, dated Sept. 25, 1897; amount $930. All persons are cautioned against cashing said check, as application has been made for duplicate. E. D. Wessell. oc 30 3t*

Just received by steamer another invoice of that choice Coronation Blend and Laguyra Coffees, all fresh goods. Atlantic Tea Co., northeast corner Front and Market streets. oc 23 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Black-eye and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. oc 28 tf

All Wool Carpets at prices that will surprise you. The best Ladies' Black Hose at 25 cents per pair ever sold in this city. Other bargains too numerous to mention, at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. oc 17 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 308. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. B. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 99. mar 13 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms, water and good yard room in rear.

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.

oc 7 tf

THE COMPETITOR CASE.

Reversal of the Judgment Pronounced Against the Crew of the American Schooner Under Consideration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MADRID, November 1.—The Minister for Foreign Affairs, Senor Gullon, the Minister for the Colonies, Senor Moret, and the Minister for Marine, Admiral Bermejo, are now engaged in considering the question of a reversal of the judgment pronounced against the crew of the American schooner Competitor, captured in Cuban waters in April, 1896. They have agreed on a report on the subject, which is to be submitted for approval at the next cabinet meeting.

Senor J. E. Bruson, a distinguished lawyer of Havana and a member of the central committee of the Autonomist party, has been appointed regional governor of Havana.

Comprehensive Stock.

No where in the State can you get anything in the Hardware line cheaper or better than we can supply you.

OUR LARGE WHOLESALE TRADE has not caused us to neglect to appreciate and provide for the RETAIL customers.

The best and cheapest heating and cooking stoves ever offered in this city. They are fuel savers. Try them and be convinced.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oc 24 tf

For One Week

ONLY!

A Splendid Two-Quart

FOUNTAIN SYRINGE,

With Three Hard Rubber Pipes,

For Only 50 Cents.

A rare opportunity.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

oc 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE SCIENCE OF CHEMISTRY

and of materia medica are those in which we have attained the top notch of perfection, and which enables us to choose our drugs and medicines properly, and compound them in a scientific manner. We prepare physicians' prescriptions and family recipes in the most careful and reliable manner.

JAMES C. MUNDS,

PHARMACIST.
104 North Front street.
Telephone 150. oc 31 1t*

Nafew Check Punch.

Prevent your check from being raised by using a Check Punch.

Sponge Rubber Stamps are the latest and best thing out.

Sign makers will repay the cost in a short while—try a set. Send for catalogues of Rubber Type and Sign Markers.

Wilmington Stamp Works,

Wilmington, N. C.
Bell Phone 240. oc 31 tf

R. P. Oats.

1000 Bushels R. P. Oats.
700 Bushels White Oats.
400 Bushels Black Oats.
600 Bushels Feed Oats.
300 Bushels Meal.
540 Bushels Corn.
100 Bags Wheat Bran.
115 Boxes Penny Candy.
140 Pails Mixed Candy.
50 Tubs Broken Candy.

W. B. COOPER.

oc 31 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 9.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
Superintendent.
sep 25 t

DIXIE OIL COMPANY,

Wilmington Branch.

J. E. CROW, Agt.

Office, Water Street.

Warehouse, Water Land.

Illuminating and Lubricating

Oils and Greases.

To the Jobbing trade of Wilmington:

The Dixie Oil Company is chartered under the laws of Georgia, has ample capital and is entirely independent of all trusts and combinations. We propose to carry large stocks of highest grades in choice cooperage and give prompt delivery to dealers only of SAFE OILS, superior in burning qualities to any ever offered here at same prices asked for impure oils. We do not propose to sell you and your customers also, so shall not put a ware house at every country cross-roads to catch your customer's business.

We solicit your valued patronage on business principles.

Dixie Oil Company.

S. P. SHOTTER, President.

Wilmington, Sept. 29, 1897.
sep 29 tf

Livery and Sales Stables

Open All Day and All Night
Every day in the year.

First-Class Equipment

IN EVERY BRANCH.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

Horses Boarded.

Furniture Wagons with careful drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chestnut Street.

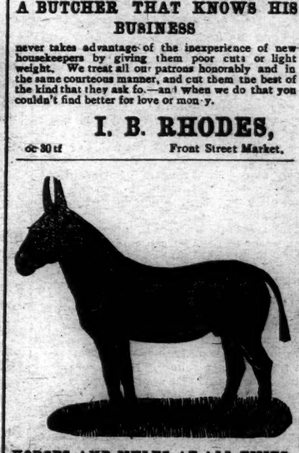
Telephones, both Companies, No. 15
oc 23 tf

A BUTCHER THAT KNOWS HIS BUSINESS

never takes advantage of the inexperience of new housekeepers by giving them poor cuts or light weight. We treat all our patrons honorably and in the same courteous manner, and cut them the best of the kind that they ask for.—and when we do that you couldn't find better for love or money.

I. B. RHODES,

oc 30 tf Front Street Market.



HORSES AND MULES AT ALL TIMES.

F. T. MILLS,

sep 24 tf 113 and 114 North Water St.

PALACE MARKET.

We have this day in connection with our other business opened a place to be known as

The Palace Market,

on the northwest corner of Market and Second streets for the

SALE OF FRESH MEATS.

We have secured the services of Mr. G. B. Tilley, who has had several years experience in the fresh meat business, who will be the manager thereof.

We respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. F. GARRELL & CO.
oc 31 tf

NATIONAL RICE MILLING CO.

WE ARE PREPARED TO

Purchase Rice

AND CAN OFFER THE

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

AT OUR MILLS IN

Wilmington or Washington, N. C.
oc 7 3m

FOR RENT.

HOUSE CORNER GRACE AND Fourth streets. Modern improvements.

Two houses on Princess between Ninth and Tenth.

House on Dock between Seventh and Eighth.

House corner of Second and Nun.

House on Third between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Also five rooms; modern improvements; with a nice family. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
oc 17 tf Real Estate Agent.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully,

ARTHUR PREMPERT
je 30 tf

Are You Looking to Your Interest?

DID YOU KNOW THAT WE ARE SELLING CARPETS AT PRICES THAT WILL

Save You Many Dollars?

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE we can help you. Among other good things we have to offer to the trade are a number of REMNANTS in All Wool Extra Super two ply Velvets, Tapestry Brussels and Axminster Carpetings, from 5 yards to 25 and 30 yards. You might find the length for your room among them, viz:

22½ yards Tapestry Brussels (worth 75c yard) for $16.00.
28½ yards Tapestry Brussels (worth 75c yard) for $14.00.
37 yards Tapestry Brussels (worth 85c yard) for $23.00.
40½ yards Tapestry Brussels (worth 85c yard) for $28.00.
15½ yards All Wool Extra Super Ingrain (worth 65c yard) for $ 7.25.
19½ yards All Wool Extra Super Ingrain (worth 65c yard) for $ 9.00.
19 yards All Wool Extra Super Ingrain (worth 65c yard) for $ 9.25.
22½ yards All Wool Extra Super Ingrain (worth 65c yard) for $11.25. Red with small figures.
35½ yards All Wool Extra Super Ingrain (worth 65c yard) for $18.00. Red with small figures.
32⅔ yd ¾ Wool Carpeting, Color Red and Tan, (worth 50c yd) for $12.75.

We will not cut the above lengths.

We have a beautiful line of NORTH CAROLINA BLANKETS from the Elkin Mills.

The largest stock of UNDERWEAR ever carried in Wilmington, Ladies', Children's and Men's.

We are Agents for the CELEBRATED BUTTERICK PATTERNS

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

'Phone 102. oc 31 tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,

No. 9 North Front St.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Did you get up this morning, and as you stepped upon the cold floor, did it not remind you of that BEDROOM CARPET you are so much in need of. Afraid of the cost, may be. Well you need not be. Call on us and we will tell you why.

The lowest prices on cold weather stuffs. Blankets, Capes and Jackets, Comforters, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., etc.

Wet weather goods—Ladies' and Gents' Macintoshes, Umbrellas.

The most complete line of Dress Goods and Silks.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front Street.

oct 31 tf

Capes, Capes, Capes.

500 TO SELECT FROM.

Plain Cape Braid Trimming 50c.

200 CAPES,

Our Price $1.50.

Plush Capes $2 50 to $10.00.
Infant's and Children's Coats 50c and upwards.
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